

GLOSSARY

In accordance with the ESMA (European Securities and Markets Authority) directives regarding transparency for the protection of investors in the European Union, this glossary includes the **ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APMs)**, which correspond to those financial measures that are used but not defined or explained in the applicable financial information framework. The definition of these measures establishes equivalences with accounting items used, facilitating the interpretation of the information, where appropriate.

CONCEPT	DEFINITION
<i>Income /Total Income /Consolidated Income</i>	<p>Premiums (see definition) + Financial income (see definition) + Income from non-insurance companies and other (see definition).</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>To measure the dimension, growth and development of the company in a specific period of time.</p> <p>The Group considers the use of this measurement by geographic areas and business units to be relevant, as it makes it possible to assess their total contribution and monitor their development.</p>
<i>Leverage / Debt ratio</i>	<p>Financial debt / (Equity + Financial debt).</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>To measure the company's financial dependence on third party resources. That is, the specific debt ratio level at which the company is financially dependent on third parties.</p>
<i>Life expense ratio</i>	<p>Acquisition expenses + Administration expenses / Average IFRS technical provisions</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>This makes it possible to establish comparisons between companies, as it measures acquisition and administration expenses as a percent over the volume of average technical provisions.</p>
<i>Modified duration</i>	<p>Asset value sensitivity to interest rate changes, representing an approximate value of the percentage variation of financial assets for each percentage point (100 basis points) change in interest rates</p> <p>Mathematically, it is calculated using the following formula:</p>

	$D_m = -\frac{1}{(1+r)} \times \frac{\sum \frac{tC_t}{(1+r)^t}}{P} \times 100$ <p>Where:</p> <p>C_t: is the coupon paid for the bond in period t.</p> <p>r: is the internal rate of return (IRR) of the bond.</p> <p>P: is the price of the bond.</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>This ratio makes it possible to measure the degree of volatility or risk in the Group's fixed income portfolios. The higher the modified duration of the portfolio, the greater the volatility of the prices of the securities when there are changes in interest rates.</p>
<p>Non-Life Combined Ratio</p>	<p>Non-Life Expense Ratio + Non-Life Loss Ratio.</p> <hr/> <p>Non-Life Expense Ratio:</p> <p>(Net operating expenses – other technical revenue + other technical expenses) / Premiums earned, net</p> <p>Non-Life Loss Ratio:</p> <p>(Incurred claims for the year, net + Variation in other technical provisions, net + Profit sharing and returned premiums) / Premiums earned, net.</p>
	<p>Purpose:</p> <p>To measure the technical profitability of Non-Life insurance. It is ideal to establish comparisons between companies in the insurance sector, since it measures the loss experience and technical expenses like the percent over premium volume.</p> <p>A combined ratio below 100% indicates that the technical result is positive, while a combined ratio above 100% indicates that said result is negative.</p>
<p>Premiums / Written and accepted premiums / Consolidated premiums</p>	<p>Written premiums, direct insurance + premiums from accepted reinsurance.</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>As with the figure for Income, it makes it possible to measure the dimension, growth and development of the company in a specific period of time.</p> <p>The use of this measurement by geographic areas and business units is also considered to be relevant, as it makes it possible to assess their total contribution and monitor their development.</p>
<p>Premiums earned, net of ceded and retroceded reinsurance</p>	<p>Direct insurance written premiums + accepted reinsurance premiums + ceded reinsurance premiums + Variations in provisions for unearned premiums and unexpired risks (Direct Insurance) + Variations in provisions for unearned premiums and unexpired risks (Accepted Reinsurance) + Variations in provisions for unearned premiums and</p>

	<p>unexpired risks (Ceded Reinsurance).</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>To measure the dimension, growth and development of the company in a specific period of time.</p> <p>The use of this measurement by geographic areas and business units is also considered to be relevant, as it makes it possible to assess their total contribution and monitor their development.</p>
ROE (Return on equity)	<p>(Attributable result (see definition) for the last twelve months) / Arithmetic mean of equity attributable to the controlling company (see definition) at the beginning and closing of the period (twelve months)) x 100</p> <hr/> <p>Purpose:</p> <p>The ROE (Return on equity) is an indicator used to measure the relationship between the financial earnings and the resources necessary to obtain them.</p> <p>It makes it possible to measure the return the shareholders obtain from the funds invested in the Company, i.e. the company's capacity to remunerate its shareholders.</p>

OTHER DEFINITIONS

CONCEPT	DEFINITION
Assets held for sale	Non-current assets classified as held for sale and from discontinued operations.
Assets under management	Investment portfolio + Pension funds + Mutual funds and other.
Attributable equity per share	Equity attributable to the controlling company's shareholders / number of outstanding shares
Attributable result	Result for the year. Attributable to the controlling company.
Claims paid, gross	Claims paid and variation in the provision, net (direct insurance and accepted reinsurance) + Claim-related expenses
Dividend yield	Amount of dividend paid in the year / Average share market price in the year
Equity attributable to the controlling company	Equity attributable to the controlling Company's shareholders
Financial debt	Subordinated debt + Senior debt + Debt due to credit institutions.
Foreign exchange differences	Positive foreign exchange differences + Negative foreign exchange

	differences.
Financial expenses from debt on other activities	Financial expenses from other activities + Expenses from fixed assets and from investments.
Financial income	Revenue from investments + Share in profits from equity-accounted companies (from the insurance business and other activities) + Unrealized gains on investments on behalf of policyholders bearing investment risk + Positive foreign exchange differences + Financial income (from other activities).
Income from non-insurance companies and other	Operating revenues from Other Activities + Reversal of the asset impairment provision from insurance business + Reversal of the asset impairment provision from Other Activities + Other technical revenue + Other non-technical revenue.
Income tax	Income tax from ongoing operations.
(Asset) Insurance and reinsurance operations	Receivables on direct insurance and co-insurance operations + Receivables on reinsurance operations.
(Liability) Insurance and reinsurance operations	Debts on direct insurance and co-insurance operations + Debts on reinsurance operations.
Interest coverage	(Results before tax and before financial expenses) / Financial expenses.
Liabilities held for sale	Liabilities linked to non-current assets classified as held for sale and from discontinued operations
Managed savings	Technical provisions from life insurance + Pension funds + Mutual funds and other.
(Insurance business) Net financial income / Financial result	Revenue from investments + Share in profits from equity-accounted companies + Unrealized gains on investments on behalf of policyholders bearing investment risk + Positive foreign exchange differences + Reversal of the asset impairment provision + Investment expenses + Share in losses from equity-accounted companies + Unrealized losses on investments on behalf of policyholders bearing investment risk + Negative foreign exchange differences + Allowance to the asset impairment provision.
(Other activities) Net financial income and other	Net financial income + Results from non-controlling interests + Reversal of the asset impairment provision + Allowance to the asset impairment provision + Result from the disposal of non-current assets classified as held for sale, not included in discontinued operations.
Operating expenses, net of reinsurance	Acquisition expenses + Administration expenses + Commissions and participation in reinsurance.
Other assets	Inventories + Tax on profits receivable + Other tax receivables + Corporate and other receivables + Other assets + Adjustments for prepayment.

<i>Other liabilities</i>	Deposits received on ceded and retroceded reinsurance + Other financial liabilities + Tax on profits payable + Other tax liabilities + Other debts + Adjustments for prepayment.
<i>Other non-technical revenue and expenses</i>	Other non-technical revenue + Other non-technical expenses.
<i>(Other comprehensive income) Other recognized revenue and expenses in equity</i>	Equity-accounted entities + Other recognized revenue and expenses.
<i>Other technical provisions (Non-Life)</i>	Provisions for unearned premiums and unexpired risks + Provision for outstanding claims + Other technical provisions.
<i>Other technical revenue and expenses</i>	Other technical revenue + Other technical expenses.
<i>Pay out</i>	(Total dividend / Result for the year attributable to the controlling company) x 100
<i>Real estate</i>	Real estate for own use + real estate investment.
<i>Result after tax</i>	Result after tax from ongoing operations.
<i>Result before tax</i>	Result before tax from ongoing operations.
<i>Result before tax and financial expenses (EBIT)</i>	Result before tax and before financial expenses.
<i>Result for the period</i>	Cumulative result for the period.
<i>Senior debt</i>	Issue of debentures and other negotiable securities.
<i>Shareholders' equity</i>	Equity attributable to the controlling Company's shareholders.
<i>Subordinated debt</i>	Subordinated liabilities.
<i>Technical result</i>	(Written premiums, direct insurance + Premiums from accepted reinsurance + Premiums from ceded reinsurance + Variations in provisions for premiums and unexpired risks, net + Other technical income) – (Incurred claims for the year, net + Variation in other technical provisions, net + Profit sharing and returned premiums + Net operating expenses + Other technical expenses).
<i>Total dividend</i>	Interim dividend + Final dividend.
<i>Total equity</i>	Equity
